UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY REGION IX

IN THE MATTER OF: Order No. 94-03 Guerrero Negro Drums ADMINISTRATIVE ORDER PURSUANT TO SECTION 106 Respondents: OF THE COMPREHENSIVE ENVIRONMENTAL RESPONSE, A&W Smelters and Refiners COMPENSATION, AND LIABILITY ACT OF 1980 John A. Alexander Daryl Westerfeld as amended, 42 U.S.C. William Snavely Section 9606(a)

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I. PREAMBLE

- 1.1 This Administrative Order ("Order") is issued on this date to the Respondents, pursuant to the authority vested in the President of the United States by Section 106(a) of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980, 42 U.S.C. Section 9606(a), as amended by the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986, Pub. L. 99-499 ("CERCLA"), delegated to the Administrator of the United States Environmental Protection Agency ("U.S. EPA") by Executive Order No. 12580, January 23, 1987, 52 Federal Register 2923, further delegated to the EPA Regional Administrators by U.S. EPA Delegation Nos. 14-14-A and 14-14-B, and further redelegated to the Director, Hazardous Waste Management Division by Region IX Delegations 1290.41 and 1290.42.
- 1.2 The State of California has been notified of the issuance of this Order as required by Section 106(a) of CERCLA, 42 U.S.C. Section 9606(a).
- 1.3 This Order requires the Respondents to remove, on or about December 9, 1993, approximately 173 drums of hazardous substances ("the drums") from temporary storage at the Appropriate Technology II ("App Tech") facility located in Chula Vista, California, to abate an imminent and substantial endangerment to human health or welfare or the environment. The drums were exported by the Respondents to the United States of Mexico ("Mexico") during September and October, 1992. On December 8, 1993, the drums will be repatriated by Mexico to the United States as illegally exported hazardous waste under Annex III of

the 1983 U.S.-Mexico Agreement of Cooperation for the Protection and Improvement of the Environment in the Border Area ("Annex III"), also known as the La Paz Agreement and transferred for temporary storage to the App Tech facility. The La Paz agreement authorizes the United States and Mexico to enter into arrangements to solve common environmental problems. Annex III creates arrangements for addressing hazardous waste.

II. FINDINGS OF FACT

Based on available information, including the Administrative Record in this matter, U.S. EPA hereby finds:

Location of Drums

2.1 On or about December 8, 1993, the drums will be in temporary storage at the App Tech facility located on 1700 Maxwell Road, Chula Vista, California 91911.

Respondents

2.2 The Respondents for this site are:

A&W Smelters and Refiners 12040 E. Florence Ave. Santa Fe Springs, CA 90670 PH# (310) 944-6215 Fax# (301) 944-7198

John A. Alexander 12040 E. Florence Ave. Santa Fe Springs, CA 90670 PH# (310) 944-6215 Fax# (310) 944-7198

Daryl Westerfeld (President) 2601 Aland Avenue Lancaster, CA 93534 PH# (805) 943-6076 PH# (805) 824-2656 Fax#(805) 944-7198

William Snavely 43723 Sentry Lane Lancaster, CA 93536 PH# (805) 948-8897

Incident / Release Characteristics

- 2.3 On May 19, 1993, Mexico advised US EPA that it intended to repatriate the drums from Mexico to the United States under Annex III. The drums were located near Guerrero Negro, Baja California, Mexico.
- 2.4 An investigation by EPA and its representatives revealed that these drums and their contents originated at the A&W Smelter and Refiners facility outside of Mohave, California and were illegally exported into Mexico.
- 2.5 A&W is a potentially responsible party at two sites in the United States involving waste from their Mohave facility. It is believed that the material in Guerrero Negro is similar to the waste at these other sites.
- The drums are in very poor condition. Several drums are so highly corroded that failure is imminent. As a result, they present a risk of release of their contents to the environment. Upon repatriation the drums will present a risk of release of their contents to the environment of the United States. will continue to pose such a risk until they are properly disposed of. Under the authorities of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act ("CERCLA"), 42 U.S. § 9601 et seq., and the National Contingency Plan ("NCP"), 40 C.F.R. Part 300, these facts constitute an actual or threatened release of a hazardous substance, pollutant or contaminant. A response to this actual or threatened release is therefore eligible for the exercise of funding and enforcement options available to EPA under CERCLA.
- 2.7 In view of the condition of the drums, and the potentially hazardous nature of the waste, and the responsibility to readmit the material into the United States, U.S. action with regard to the drums could be considered a prudent measure to prevent a likely release.

Quantities and Types of Substance Present

2.8 The drums contain both liquids and solids. Preliminary analyses of some drum contents indicate that the materials exhibit the characteristics of hazardous waste for corrosivity (pH) and toxicity (lead > 5.0 mg/L). A more complete assessment of the drums will be conducted by EPA after the drums are repatriated.

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2.9 The County of San Diego, the FBI and U.S. Customs officials conducted a preliminary assessment ("PA") on June 24, 1993, in support of a U.S. criminal investigation. The PA concluded that the materials at the site were of U.S. origin.

Threats to Public Health and Welfare

- 2.10 Lead and lead compounds are defined as hazardous substances pursuant to the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980, as amended (CERCLA), 40 CFR Section 302.4. The material exhibited the characteristic of Toxicity through the Total Concentrate Leachate Procedure (TCLP) analysis of greater that 5.0 milligrams per liter (> 5.0 mg/l) pursuant to CFR 261.24 for lead (D008). At these concentrations, lead is universally considered a risk to human health, especially children.
- 2.11 Should these drums be abandoned and their contents released, soil contamination would occur. Soil Clean-up Action Levels are commonly in the 500-600 ppm range. The elevated lead concentrations found in the contents of these drums pose a significant health hazard to the local population.
- 2.12 The United States Department of Health and Human Services, Public Health Service, National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health classifies lead as a potential human carcinogen. The ingestion of lead by humans is known to cause damage to the kidneys and central nervous system and cause anemia. High levels of lead within the blood stream of children can also cause severe learning disabilities and health disorders.

Threats to the Environment

2.13 The abandonment of these drums and any subsequent release of their hazardous contents makes exposure to wildlife and the environment likely. Weather-spread lead contamination can potentially contaminate the local ecosystem and aquifers.

III. CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

Based on the foregoing Findings, U.S. EPA has concluded that:

- 3.1 A&W Smelters and Refiners is a "person" as defined by Section 101(21) of CERCLA, 42 U.S.C. Section 9601(21).
- 3.2 John A. Alexander is a "person" as defined by Section 101(21) of CERCLA, 42 U.S.C. Section 9601(21).

- 3.3 Daryl Westerfeld is a "person" as defined by Section 101(21) of CERCLA, 42 U.S.C. Section 9601(21).
- 3.4 William Snavely is a "person" as defined by Section 101(21) of CERCLA, 42 U.S.C. Section 9601(21).
- 3.5 A&W is a person who by contract, agreement, or otherwise arranged for disposal or treatment, or arranged with a transporter for transport for disposal or treatment, of hazardous substances owned or possessed by such person, by any other party or entity, at any facility or incineration vessel owned or operated by an other party or entity and containing such hazardous substances.
- 3.6 John A. Alexander is a person who by contract, agreement, or otherwise arranged for disposal or treatment, or arranged with a transporter for transport for disposal or treatment, of hazardous substances owned or possessed by such person, by any other party or entity, at any facility or incineration vessel owned or operated by an other party or entity and containing such hazardous substances.
- 3.7 Daryl Westerfeld is a person who by contract, agreement, or otherwise arranged for disposal or treatment, or arranged with a transporter for transport for disposal or treatment, of hazardous substances owned or possessed by such person, by any other party or entity, at any facility or incineration vessel owned or operated by an other party or entity and containing such hazardous substances.
- 3.8 William Snavely is a person who by contract, agreement, or otherwise arranged for disposal or treatment, or arranged with a transporter for transport for disposal or treatment, of hazardous substances owned or possessed by such person, by any other party or entity, at any facility or incineration vessel owned or operated by an other party or entity and containing such hazardous substances.
- 3.9 The Respondents are therefore liable persons under Section 107(a) of CERCLA, 42 U.S.C. Section 9607.
- 3.10 Lead is a "hazardous substance" as defined by Section 101(14) of CERCLA, 42 U.S.C. Section 9601(14).
- 3.11 Hazardous wastes that exhibit characteristics of hazardous waste for corrosivity and toxicity are hazardous substances under CERCLA Section 101(14).
- 3.12 The contents of the drums are hazardous substances as defined by Section 101(14) of CERCLA, 42 U.S.C. Section 9601(14).

3.13 The abandonment of the approximately 173 drums in question constitutes an actual or threatened "release" as that term is defined in Section 101(22) of CERCLA, 42 U.S.C. Section 9601(22).

IV. DETERMINATIONS

Based on the Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, the Director, Hazardous Waste Management Division, EPA Region IX, has made the following determinations:

- 4.1 The actual or threatened release of hazardous substances from the drums may present an imminent and substantial endangerment to the public health or welfare or the environment.
- 4.2 The actions required by this Order, if properly performed, are consistent with the National Contingency Plan ("NCP"), 40 CFR Part 300 and CERCLA; and are appropriate to protect the public health or welfare or the environment.
- 4.3 The material constitutes a threat to public health or welfare or the environment based upon consideration of the factors set forth in the NCP at 40 CFR section 300.415(b). These factors include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - a. actual or potential exposure to hazardous substances by nearby populations, animals, or food chain;

The abandonment of the drums may lead to a release of lead, a hazardous substance that may adversely impact the local community.

b. hazardous substances in drums, barrels, tanks, or other bulk storage containers, that may pose a threat of release;

This factor is present due to the abandonment of approximately 173 drums and their deteriorated condition.

c. weather conditions that may cause hazardous substances to migrate or be released;

In the event of a release, due to abandonment, wind and rain may cause additional migration of lead.

V. ORDER

Based upon the foregoing Findings, Conclusions of Law, and Determinations, and pursuant to Section 106(a) of CERCLA, 42 U.S.C. Section 9606(a), it is hereby Ordered that the Respondent(s) undertakes the following actions under the direction of EPA's On-Scene Coordinator:

- 5.1 By 5:00 p.m., Thursday, December 9, 1993, the Respondent shall contact Bill Lewis through the EPA's 24 Hour Emergency Phone Line at (415) 744-2000. The Respondent(s) shall request to speak to the EPA Duty Officer who will put Respondent(s) in touch with Mr. Lewis. The Respondent(s) shall then notify EPA of their intentions to assume responsibility for the storage of the approximately 173 drums staged at Appropriate Technologies II, Chula Vista, California. The Respondent(s) shall assume all financial responsibilities for the storage of the drums commencing on Thursday, December 9, 1993.
- 5.2 Within thirty (30) days upon receipt of this Order, the Respondent(s) shall arrange for and conduct the transportation and disposal of the approximately 173 drums staged at Appropriate Technologies II, Chula Vista, California. The Respondent(s) shall utilize Department of Transportation and State of California approved hazardous waste transporters. Disposal shall be arranged with an EPA-approved and permitted facility that is in compliance with EPA Off-Site Policy (OSWER Directive 9834.11, November 13, 1987) in accordance with CERCLA Section 121(d)(3), 42 U.S.C. §9621(d)(3). EPA must provide the Respondent(s) written approval and acceptance to the Respondents prior to any transportation or disposal of the drums.
- 5.3 All work must be in compliance with EPA's Standard Operating Safety Guide, dated November, 1984, and updated July, 1988, and with the Occupational Safety and Health Administration ("OSHA") regulations applicable to Hazardous Waste Operations and Emergency Response, 29 CFR Part 120.
- 5.4 All work shall be performed by qualified contractor to undertake and complete the requirements of this Order. The Respondent(s) shall notify EPA of the name of such contractor within two (2) days of the effective date of this Order. EPA retains the right to disapprove of any, or all, of the contractors and/or subcontractors retained by the Respondent(s). In the event EPA disapproves of a selected contractor, the Respondent(s) shall retain a different contractor to perform the work, and such selection shall be made within two (2) business days following EPA's disapproval.
- 5.5 The Respondent(s) shall provide EPA with written weekly summary reports. These reports should contain a summary of the previous week's activities and planned upcoming events. The weekly reports shall also contain any hazardous waste manifests generated during site activities.
- 5.6 EPA shall be informed at least forty-eight (48) hours prior to any on-Site work.

- 5.7 All sampling and analysis shall be consistent with the "Quality Assurance/Quality Control Guidance for Removal Activities": "Sampling QA/QC Plan and Data Validation Procedures," EPA OSWER Directive 9360.4-01, dated April, 1990.
- 5.8 On or before the effective date of this Order, the Respondent(s) shall designate a Project Coordinator. To the greatest extent possible, the Project Coordinator shall be present on Site or readily available during Site work. The U.S. EPA has designated Bill Lewis, as its On-Scene Coordinator. The On-Scene Coordinator and the Project Coordinator shall be responsible for overseeing the implementation of this Order. To the maximum extent possible, communication between the Respondent(s) and EPA, and all documents, reports, and approvals, and all other correspondence concerning the activities relevant to this Order, shall be directed through the On-Scene Coordinator and the Project Coordinator.
- 5.9 The EPA and the Respondent(s) shall each have the right to change their respective designated On-Scene Coordinator or Project Coordinator. EPA shall notify the Respondent(s), and Respondent(s) shall notify EPA, as early as possible before such a change is made, but in no case less then 24 hours before such a change. Notification may initially be verbal, but shall promptly be reduced to writing.
- 5.10 The EPA On-Scene Coordinator shall have the authority vested in an On-Scene Coordinator by the NCP, 40 CFR Part 300, as amended, including the authority to halt, conduct, or direct any work required by this Order, or to direct any other response action undertaken by U.S. EPA or the Respondent(s) at the facility.
- 5.11 No extensions to the above time frames shall be granted without sufficient cause. All extensions must be requested, in writing, and shall not be deemed accepted unless approved, in writing, by U.S. EPA.
- 5.12 All instructions by the EPA On-Scene Coordinator or his designated alternate shall be binding upon the Respondent(s) as long as those instructions are not clearly inconsistent with the National Contingency Plan.
- 5.13 To the extent that the Facility or other areas where work under this Order is to be performed is owned by, or in possession of, someone other than the Respondent(s), the Respondent(s) shall obtain all necessary access agreements. In the event that after using their best efforts Respondent(s) is unable to obtain such agreements, Respondent(s) shall immediately notify EPA.

- 5.14 Nothing contained herein shall be construed to prevent EPA from seeking legal or equitable relief to enforce the terms of this Order, or from taking other legal or equitable action as it deems appropriate and necessary, or from requiring the Respondent(s) in the future to perform additional activities pursuant to CERCLA, 42 U.S.C. Section 9601, et seq., or any other applicable law.
- 5.15 The provisions of this Order and the directions of the On-Scene Coordinator shall be binding on the employees, agents, successors, and assigns of the Respondent(s).
- 5.16 Except where this Order specifically provides otherwise, its obligations shall be effective one (1) calendar day following issuance unless a conference is requested as provided herein. If a conference is requested, this Order shall be effective one (1) calendar day following the day of the conference unless modified in writing by U.S. EPA.
- 5.17 Within twenty-four (24) hours of receipt of this Order, the Respondent(s) shall provide notice, verbally or in writing, to U.S. EPA stating their intention to comply with the terms of this Order. Verbal notification must be followed in writing within three (3) calendar days. In the event the Respondent(s) fails to provide such notice, the Respondent(s) shall be deemed not to have complied with the terms of this Order.
- 5.18 The Respondent(s) shall retain copies of all records and files relating to hazardous substances found on the site for six years following completion of the activities required by this Order and shall make them available to the EPA prior to the termination of the removal activities under this Order.
- The Respondent(s) shall submit a final report summarizing the actions taken to comply with this Order. The report shall contain, at a minimum: identification of the facility, a description of the locations and types of hazardous substances encountered at the facility upon the initiation of work performed under this Order, a chronology and description of the actions performed (including both the organization and implementation of response activities), a listing of the resources committed to perform the work under this Order (including financial, personnel, mechanical, and technological resources), identification of all items that affected the actions performed under the Order and discussion of how all problems were resolved, a listing of quantities and types of materials removed from the facility, a discussion of removal and disposal options considered for any such materials, a listing of the ultimate destination of those materials, and a presentation of the analytical results of all sampling and analyses performed and accompanying appendices

containing all relevant paperwork accrued during the action (e.g., manifests, invoices, bills, contracts, permits). The final report shall also include an affidavit from a person who supervised or directed the preparation of that report. The affidavit shall certify under penalty of law that based on personal knowledge and appropriate inquiries of all other persons involved in preparation of the report, the information submitted is true, accurate, and complete to the best of the affiant's knowledge and belief. The report shall be submitted within 30 days of completion of the work required by the U.S. EPA.

5.20 All notices, reports, and requests for extensions submitted under terms of this Order shall be sent by certified mail, return receipt requested, and addressed to the following:

one copy Bill Lewis
On Scene Coordinator
U.S. EPA
75 Hawthorne Street
San Francisco, CA 94105
(415) 744-2292

one copy Terry Brubaker, Section Chief Emergency Response Section U.S. EPA 75 Hawthorne Street San Francisco, CA 94105 (415) 744-2293

one copy John Rothman
Assistant Regional Counsel
U.S. EPA (RC-5) Office of Regional Counsel
75 Hawthorne Street
San Francisco, CA 94105
(415) 744-1353

5.21 If any provision of this Order is deemed invalid or unenforceable, the balance of this Order shall remain in full force and effect.

VI. ACCESS TO ADMINISTRATIVE RECORD

6.1 The Administrative Record supporting the selection of the response action for this site will be available for review on normal business days between the hours of 9:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m. in the EPA's Superfund Record Center, United States Environmental Protection Agency, Region IX, 75 Hawthorne Street, 9th Floor, San Francisco, California. Please contact Steven Calanog, Enforcement Case Officer, at (415) 744-2296 to review the Administrative Record.

VII. OPPORTUNITY TO CONFER

- 7.1 With respect to the actions required above, the Respondent(s) may within twenty-four (24) hours after issuance of this Order, request a conference with the EPA. Any such conference shall be held within three (3) calendar days from the date of request unless extended by mutual agreement of the parties. At any conference held pursuant to the request, the Respondent(s) may appear in person, or be represented by an attorney or other representative. If the Respondent(s) desires such a conference, the Respondent(s) shall contact John Rothman, Assistant Regional Counsel, at (415) 744-1353.
- 7.2 If such a conference is held, the Respondent(s) may present any evidence, arguments or comment regarding this Order, its applicability, any factual determinations upon which the actions Order is based, the appropriateness of any action which the Respondent(s) is ordered to take, or any other relevant and material issue. Any such evidence, arguments or comments should be reduced to writing and submitted to EPA within 10 calendar days following the conference. If no conference is requested, any such evidence, arguments or comments must be submitted in writing within three (3) calendar days following the issuance of this Order. Any such writing should be directed to John Rothman, Assistant Regional Counsel, at the address cited above.
- 7.3 The Respondent(s) is hereby placed on notice that EPA will take any action which may be necessary in the opinion of EPA for the protection of public health and welfare and the environment, and Respondent(s) may be liable under Section 107(a) of CERCLA, 42 U.S.C. Section 9607(a), for the costs of those government actions.

VIII. PENALTIES FOR NONCOMPLIANCE

8.1 The Respondent(s) is advised pursuant to Section 106(b) of CERCLA, 42 U.S.C. Section 9606(b), that willful violation or subsequent failure or refusal to comply with this Order, or any portion thereof, may subject the Respondent(s) to a civil penalty of up to \$25,000 per day for each day in which such violation occurs, or such failure to comply continues. Failure to comply with this Order, or any portion thereof, without sufficient cause may also subject the Respondent(s) to liability for punitive damages in an amount three times the amount of any cost incurred by the government as a result of the failure of the Respondent(s) to take proper action, pursuant to Section 107(c)(3) of CERCLA, 42 U.S.C. Section 9607(c)(3).

THIS ORDER IS ISSUED ON THIS 8th DAY OF DECEMBER, 1993.

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

By:

Jeff Zelikson, Director

Hazardous/Waste Management Division

United States Environmental Protection Agency

Attachment

Guidance Documents by Reference

- 1) Guidance Document: Superfund Removal Procedures #3, OSWER #9360.0-038, 02/01/88 (HQ# 1006).
- 2) Guidance Document: Removal Cost Management Manual (Secondary Reference), OSWER #9360.0-028, 04/01/88 (HQ# 6001).
- 3) Guidance Document: Land Disposal Restrictions, 08/11/87 (HQ# 2204).
- 4) Guidance Document: Emergency Response Cleanup Services Contracts (ERCS), Users' Manual, 10/01/82 (RC# 9006).
- 5) Guidance Document: National Oil & Hazardous Substances Pollution Contingency Guidance, Part 300, 40 CFR CH. 1 (3-8-90 Edition), pp. 664-755, 03/08/90 (RC# 9038).
- 6) Guidance Document: Superfund Amendments & Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA), 10/17/86 (RC# 90100.
- 7) Guidance Document: Interim Guidance on Administrative Records for Selection of CERCLA Response Actions, OSWER 9833.3A, 03/01/89 (RC# 9013).
- 8) Guidance Document: Superfund LDR Guide #7: Determining When Land Disposal Restrictions (LDR's) are "Relevant and Appropriate" to CERCLA Response Actions, OSWER 93347.3-08FS, 12/01/89 (HQ# 2220).1.